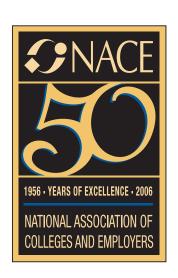


2006 Experiential Education Survey

Executive Summary

May 2006



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ABOUT THE SURVEY

NACE's 2006 Experiential Education Survey was a paper survey mailed to 1,156 NACE employer members on February 2, 2006. A follow-up mailing was sent to nonrespondents on March 6, 2006, and a final e-mail reminder was sent to nonrespondents on March 15, 2006.

The survey instrument provided respondents with the following definitions for internship and co-op programs:

Internship: Internships are typically one-time work or service experiences related to the student's major or career goal. The internship plan generally involves students working in professional settings under the supervision and monitoring of practicing professionals.

Internships can be paid or unpaid and the student may or may not receive academic credit for performing the internship.

Cooperative education: Cooperative education provides students with multiple periods of work in which the work is related to the student's major or career goal. The typical program plan is for students to alternate terms of full-time classroom study with terms of full-time, discipline-related employment. Since program participation involves multiple work terms, the typical participant will work three or four work terms, thus gaining a year or more of career-related work experience before graduation.

Virtually all co-op positions are paid and the vast majority involves some form of academic credit.

Responses were received from 303 employers, a 26.2 percent response rate. Of those, 39 respondents (12.9 percent) indicated that they had neither an internship nor a cooperative education program in place. The data in this report are based on the responses of the 264 employers that reported having such programs.

By sector, 48.8 percent of respondents were service employers, 42.2 percent were manufacturers, and 8.9 percent represented government/nonprofit organizations.

By region of the country, 30.0 percent of respondents were from the Midwest, 21.1 percent were from the Northeast, 35.6 percent were from the South, and 13.2 percent were from the West.

For a breakdown of respondents by type of employer, see page 6. For a listing of respondents by organization, see page 7.

Totals throughout the report may not equal 100 due to rounding.

The number of employers responding to each question throughout the report varied. Percentages provided are calculated based on the number of respondents to each question.

Questions/Comments

Please send questions/comments about this or other NACE surveys to Camille Luckenbaugh, luckenbaugh@naceweb.org

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INTERNSHIP AND CO-OP PROGRAMS: AN OVERVIEW

- More than four out of five employers (83.8 percent) reported having internship programs available for students and just over two in five (41.9 percent) have co-op programs.
- While internship programs are popular across the board, manufacturers and respondents from the West were most likely to report such offerings.
- From the class of 2005, employers report that 62.5 percent of their college hires came to them with internship experience and just over one-quarter (26 percent) had co-op experience.

FOCUS AND SUCCESS OF PROGRAMS

- More than three-quarters of respondents (75.9 percent) said the primary focus of their internship program is to feed their college recruiting program.
- Service employers were most likely to report using their internship program for recruiting purposes (78.2 percent) and government/nonprofit employers were least likely (50 percent).
- Recruiting is also the primary focus of co-op programs, according to respondents with such programs. Overall, 73.4 percent of respondents reported that recruiting is the primary focus of their co-op program.
- Employers in the Midwest were most likely to identify recruiting as their co-op program's purpose (92.6 percent), while respondents in the West were least likely (60 percent).
- Conversion rates, management satisfaction, student satisfaction, and retention rates are the most common elements employers use to measure the success of their program(s).

HIRING PROJECTIONS

- Overall, employers reported plans to increase their intern hires this year by 9.8 percent.
- The West and Midwest projected the biggest overall increases in hiring (12.7 and 11.2 percent, respectively), but it's in the West and the Northeast that employers plan to add the most hires per employer, on average.
- Employers hiring co-op students reported plans to hire, on average, 8.3 percent more students from the class of 2006 than they hired from the class of 2005.
- Service employers outpace manufacturers when it comes to the increase in the number of hires they plan to make, but more manufacturers plan to increase their hires this year than do service employers.

RECRUITING INTERN AND CO-OP STUDENTS

- Respondents cited attending career fairs and building relationships with faculty contacts as the
 most effective methods they have for recruiting interns and co-ops.
- Employers reported that about three weeks pass (20.8 days) between the time they interview a student for an internship/co-op position and the time they either extend an offer or notify the candidate that he or she is no longer being considered for the position.
- Once the offer has been extended, employers give candidates an average of two weeks (13.8 days) to accept or decline.

KEY MEASURES

CONVERSION

- Last year, employers reported that they converted an average 35.6 percent of their interns (from the class of 2004) to full-time hires. This year, on average, respondents converted 53 percent of their interns (from the class of 2005) to full-time hires.
- The change in co-op conversion rates is even more marked. Last year's average conversion rate for co-ops (from the class of 2004) was 30.1 percent; this year's average conversion rate (from the class of 2005) is 64 percent.

INTERNS/CO-OPS AS A PERCENTAGE OF NEW COLLEGE HIRES

 On average, respondents reported that 30 percent of their 2005 new college hires came from their internship programs, and just under one-quarter (24.5 percent) came from their co-op programs.

RETENTION

- More than four in five employers (84.4 percent) said they have a higher retention rate among
 the college hires they convert from their program(s) than they have with all other new college
 hires.
- Interestingly, it's not just interns/co-ops converted from their *own* programs that have better retention rates. In fact, 82.9 percent of respondents said new college hires who come with internship/co-op experience gained through *any* organization have better retention rates than those who lack that experience.



SALARIES AND BENEFITS

- Among responding employers, it is most common for the internship program to be paid but
 provide no academic credit, while the typical co-op program is structured to provide both pay
 and academic credit.
- The overall average salary reported for undergraduate interns in this report was \$15.96 per hour, and for undergraduate co-op students it was \$16.82 per hour.
- The majority of respondents (approximately 55 percent), said they consider a variety of factors
 to determine salaries for their interns and co-ops; the most common factor is the student's year
 of study.
- Just under eight of 10 respondents (77.9 percent) offer some sort of benefits to their intern students. Just over eight out of 10 (82.8 percent) have benefit offerings for their co-op students.
- Planned activities, paid holidays, and relocation assistance are the most common benefits being offered to both interns and co-op students.

FULL SURVEY RESULTS/SPECIAL REPORTS

For information on how to purchase the full results of the *2006 Experiential Education Benchmark Survey*, see www.naceweb.org/products/exped_2006.htm. (Note: Survey respondents receive a complimentary copy of the full results.)

Custom data cuts based on the results of the survey are also available. For more information, contact Camille Luckenbaugh, ext. 111,800/544-5272, luckenbaugh@naceweb.org.



SURVEY RESPONDENTS

	Number of		Number of
Employer Type	Respondents	Employer Type	Respondents
SERVICE EMPLOYERS		MANUFACTURING EMPLOYERS (cont.)	
Accounting (Public)	11	Chemicals & Allied Products	7
Advertising	2	Computers & Business Equipment	3
Banking (Commercial)	7	Electrical & Electronic Machinery &	
Banking (Investment)	3	Equipment (incl. Communications)	21
Communication Services	6	Food & Beverage Processing	11
Computer Software Development &		Household & Personal Care Products	6
Data Processing Services	12	Metal & Metal Products	3
Consulting Services	11	Packaging & Allied Products	1
Engineering/Surveying	13	Paper & Wood Products	4
Environmental/Waste Management	1	Petroleum & Allied Products	9
Financial Services	17		
Hospitality (Amusements/Recreation		Pharmaceuticals	3
Fast-Food Restaurants)	5	Rubber Products	1
Hospitality (Hotels/Motels/	3	Scientific Equipment & Industrial	
Full-Service Restaurants) Insurance	<u></u>	Measuring Instruments	4
Merchandising (Retail/Wholesale)	10	(incl. Medical Supplies)	
Publishing	2	Stone, Clay, Glass & Concrete Produc	
Real Estate	1	Textiles & Apparel	2
Research Organizations	6	Widely Diversified	5
Transportation	5	Other Manufacturing Employers (NEC	11
Utilities	13	GOVERNMENT/NONPROFIT EMPLOYERS	
Other Service Employers (NEC)	6	Education	3
	U	Government (Federal)	11
MANUFACTURING EMPLOYERS		Government (State & Local)	6
Aerospace	13		
Agriculture & Products	2	Hospitals	1
Automotive & Mechanical Equipment		Social Services/Private Agencies	3
Building Materials & Construction	12	Other Nonprofit Employers (NEC)	3



SURVEY RESPONDENTS

Below is a list of organizations that responded to the *2006 Experiential Education Survey*. (Please note: Although 303 organizations responded, the list below includes 193 employers, as 110 preferred not to be listed).

3M Co.

Accredited Home Lenders

ACT Inc. ACUITY

Advanced Micro Devices Inc.

AIG

Alabama Electric Cooperative, Inc.

Allegheny Ludlum Alliant Techsystems Inc. Allstate Insurance ALLTEL Corporation

Alticor Inc. Amazon.com Amegy Bank

American Airlines Inc. American Eagle Outfitters American Electric Power American Standard Inc.

Ameriprise Financial Apache Corporation

Applied Signal Technology Inc. Archer Daniels Midland Co.

Argon ST

Aronson & Company BAE Systems BBN Technologies

BOC Gases

BOK Financial Corporation
Baker Hughes, Inc.
Bank of America
Barr Engineering
Bausch & Lomb Inc.
Baxter Healthcare Corporation
Beckman Coulter Inc.

Beckman Coulter Inc.
Bibb & Associates, Inc.
Black & Decker
Blackbaud, Inc.
The Boeing Company
Broadcom Corporation
C&S Engineers, Inc.
CNA Insurance

CTL

Canon Development Americas Inc.

Cargill Inc.

Celanese Chemicals Central Intelligence Agency Chevron Phillips Chemical Co. LP

Cintas Corporation Cisco Systems, Inc. College Pro Colorado Springs Utilities

Comerica Bank Compass Group NAD Computer Associates Inc. ConAgra Foods, Inc.

Concurrent Technologies Corporation Con-Way Transportation Services

Corporate Executive Board

DCS Corporation
Dahlen, Berg & Co., Inc.
Deere & Company
Doeren Mayhew
Domino's Pizza, LLC
Doucet & Associates, Inc.
Duke Energy Corporation

DuPont
Dynetics Inc.
E. & J. Gallo Winery
Eastman Chemical Company
EchoStar/DISH Network

Ecolab Inc.

El Paso Corporation

Emerson Process Mgt.-Fisher

Controls Div

EnCana Oil & Gas (USA) Inc. Enterprise Rent-A-Car Ernst & Young LLP Exelon Nuclear FMC Technologies, Inc.

Farm Credit Financial Partners Inc. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Fidelity Investments
Fifth Third Bank
FirstEnergy Corporation
Forrester Construction Company

FTI Consulting, Inc.

GAP Inc.

GEI Consultants, Inc.

General Dynamics C4 Systems

General Mills Inc. Genworth Financial

Georgia Tech Research Institute Goldenberg Rosenthal, LLP

Gorton's Inc. Guaranty Bank

H.B. Maynard and Co., Inc.

HDR Inc. Hallmark Cards Hannaford Bros. Co. Harris Corporation Haworth Inc.

Hershey Entertainment & Resorts

Holcim Inc. The HON Company Honeywell

Hormel Foods Corp.

Houston Community College - System

Hutchinson Technology Inc.

Intuit Inc.

Jefferson County Personnel Board

JELD-WEN

Keenan Hopkins Suder & Stowell Kimberly-Clark Corporation L-3 Communications Integrated

Systems

The Lincoln Electric Co. Linde BOC Process Plants LLC Link-Belt Construction Equipment Co.

Lithia Motors L'Oreal USA

Los Alamos National Laboratory Luby's Restaurants Inc. Lyondell Chemical Company Manhard Consulting, Ltd.

Marathon Oil Co.

MeadWestvaco Corporation Messer Construction Co. Miller Brewing Company Milliken & Company Missile Defense Agency MIT Lincoln Laboratory

Moog Inc. Motorola, Inc. National Instruments

Nationwide

Naval Surface Warfare Center - Crane

Navigant Consulting, Inc.
Nexen Petroleum U.S.A., Inc.
The NORDAM Group
North Star Resource Group
Northrop Grumman - Newport News
Northrop Grumman Corporation
Northwestern Mutual Financial
Network - Northwestern Mutual
Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Office of Legislative Audits Osram Sylvania Products Inc. Owens Corning

PNC Financial Services Group

PPL Corporation

Parsons Pinnacle West Capital Corp.

Pitt Ohio Express
Pratt & Whitney

QUALCOMM Incorporated RSM McGladrey, Inc. Raytheon Company Rockwell Collins

Rockwell Collins S&C Electric Co. SAP America Inc. SAS Institute Inc. SGI/Silicon Graphics Shell Oil Company

Siemens Westinghouse Power Corp.

Sodexho

Southeastern Freight Lines Southwest Research Institute Space Systems/Loral Inc. St. Jude Medical Inc., CRMD

State Street Swales Aerospace

SWIFT

Swinerton Inc.

Synovus Financial Corporation Systems & Electronics Inc. TIBCO Software Inc.

Takeda Pharmaceuticals North

America

Telcordia Technologies Inc.

Teradyne Inc.

Thales Communications Inc.

Tindall Corporation Trader Publishing

Turner Construction Company Tyco International, Ltd.

Tyson Foods, Inc.
UHY Advisors-MI, Inc.

UOP LLC

USDA - Food Safety &
Inspection Service
Union Bank of California
Victory Packaging
Weyerhaeuser
Whirlpool Corporation
The Williams Companies

Xcel Energy

YAI/National Institute for People

with Disabilities Yum! Brands, Inc.